

[illegible]

in your case, by being informed, that I am not to die on
tombstone, I shall experience the operation of these feelings
for these matters are the result of policy and not of re-
pugnance you wish efficient towards me, it ought in my mind
to be the hope, but that it ought in my character to be
5thly to the result of a man's honor.

Exulting and a military triumph to adopt the mode of my
Symptomatic towards a soldier will surely induce your fix

JOHN ANDREWS
100 Central Ave. New York, N.Y.

The time which elapsed between the capture of Fort Mifflin and the surrender of the army at Red Bank, was a period of great suffering and privation. The army, which numbered about 15,000 men, was reduced to about 10,000 by the time they reached Red Bank. The British, under the command of Sir James Mifflin, had a superior force of about 11,000 men, and they were well equipped with artillery and small arms. The American army, on the other hand, was poorly equipped and had suffered from a lack of food and shelter. The British eventually forced the American army to surrender on December 19, 1777. The British then transported the army to Philadelphia, where they held them as prisoners of war. The British then moved on to Lancaster and York, and finally to Philadelphia, where they arrived on December 26, 1777. The British then held the city of Philadelphia for the winter of 1777-1778. The British then moved on to Lancaster and York, and finally to Philadelphia, where they arrived on December 26, 1777. The British then held the city of Philadelphia for the winter of 1777-1778.

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.
Published by order of Congress.

(G. 1.)

REVOLUTION SOCIETY.

At the Anniversary Meeting of this
Society, held at the London Tavern,
Nov. 4, 1789,

STEWARDS.

- Earl of Effingham.
- John Sawbridge, Esq. M. P.
- Henry Keene, Esq.
- Capel Lofft, Esq.
- Charles Polhill, Esq.
- John Reynolds, Esq.
- Joshua Grigby, Esq. M. P.
- William Smith, Esq. M. P.
- William Saville, Esq.
- Samuel Smith, Esq.
- Richard Carpenter Smith, Esq.
- John Towgood, Esq.

Rt. Hon. Earl STANHOPE in the Chair.

A

The

The following are the Rules, Laws, and Regulations, for the government of the Society, which were confirmed at the last General Meeting.

Rules for admitting Members:

The Name, Profession, and Residence of every Person who shall be desirous of being admitted a Member of this Society, shall be sent to the Secretary, signed by two Members of the Committee.

That in order to promote the grand objects of this Society, and to give it permanence and respectability, the Name of every Member be inserted in the Book containing an account of its Origin and Progress, together with the Preamble, and the *three* Declaratory Resolutions of the Society.

That each Member do pay Half a Guinea on his admission.

Rules

Rules for General Meetings.

That there be *two* General Meetings of the Society in every Year.

The proposed Bill for establishing the Annual Celebration of the Revolution on the 16th of December, which passed the House of Commons, having been rejected by the House of Lords,

Resolved, That the Anniversary Meeting be held on the Fourth of November, as usual.

That the other General Meeting shall be called at the discretion of the Committee, at which Meeting a Report of the general state of the Society shall be made.

That other General Meetings of this Society may be called, on a written requisition to the Treasurer and Secretary, signed by Twelve Members of the Society.

That at all General Meetings, Thirteen Members be a Quorum for conducting Business.

Rules for choosing Officers.

That at every Anniversary Meeting, a Treasurer and Secretary be elected.

That at the same time Three Auditors be chosen, to examine the Accounts of the Society.

That Twelve Gentlemen be also then chosen to serve the Office of Stewards for the ensuing Year.

That a Committee, consisting of Forty Members, be also then chosen to conduct the business of the Society.

That Ten Members of the Committee do withdraw from it at every Election, and that the said Ten be those who have given the least frequent attendance.

That the Stewards Elect be on all Committees.

That the Ordinary Meetings of the Committee be held on the second Wednesday in each of the following Months; viz. *February, April, June, August, October, December.*

Committee,

Committee, 29th July, 1789.

Resolved, That the Thanks of the Committee be transmitted by the Secretary to Henry Beaufoy, Esq. M. P. for his great assiduity in introducing, and supporting through the House of Commons, the aforesaid Bill*. And also to Lord Mulcaster, Richard Brinsley Sheridan, Esq. and all those Members of the House of Commons who supported the said Bill.—And also to the Right Hon. Earl Stanhope for introducing the said Bill into the House of Peers, and to the seven Noble Lords who supported it there.

Resolved, That a General Meeting of the Members, and all those Friends of Freedom who honoured the Society by their Company at the last Anniversary, be summoned for Wednesday the 12th of August, at the London Tavern, at Six o'Clock precisely.

* See Fol. 43.

GENERAL MEETING.

London Tavern, Aug. 12, 1789.

SAMUEL FAVELL, Esq. Treasurer,
in the Chair.

The Minutes of the last Anniversary were read, and also the Minutes of the several Committees from that time to the present:

Resolved unanimously, to confirm the same, and to approve the conduct of the Committee, for their attention to the concerns of the Society.

ANNIVERSARY MEETING.

Nov. 4, 1789.

A further Report from the Committee was brought up.

“ Your Committee are persuaded,
that by the Union of the Friends of
Freedom,

Freedom, their Rights are ascertained and established; and trusting that it will be highly honourable to avow themselves, in the most explicit manner, advocates for the pure and genuine principles of Civil and Religious Liberty, they have with this view prepared a Book, in which those Gentlemen who are inclined to let their names be transmitted to posterity, as the friends of the Great and Glorious Revolution of 1688, may insert them after the following Preamble, and a declaration of assent to the three following Propositions."

P R E A M B L E.

This Society, sensible of the important advantages arising to this Country by its deliverance from Popery and Arbitrary Power, and conscious that, under God, we owe that signal Blessing to the Revolution, which seated our Deliverer King William the Third on the Throne; do

A 4

hereby

hereby declare our firm attachment to the civil and religious principles which were recognized and established by that glorious event, and which has preserved the succession in the Protestant line ; and our determined resolution to maintain, and, to the utmost of our power, to perpetuate, those blessings to the latest posterity.

THREE PROPOSITIONS, Containing the Fundamental Principles of the Society.

1. THAT ALL CIVIL AND POLITICAL AUTHORITY IS DERIVED FROM THE PEOPLE.

2. THAT THE ABUSE OF POWER JUSTIFIES RESISTANCE.

3. THAT THE RIGHT OF PRIVATE JUDGMENT, LIBERTY OF CONSCIENCE, TRIAL BY JURY, THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS, AND THE FREEDOM OF ELECTION, OUGHT EVER TO BE HELD SACRED AND INVIOABLE.

The

The Committee farther resolved,
 That in order to cause the Principles
 of the Revolution to be well understood,
 extensively propagated, and firmly
 maintained; and to preserve the glorious
 Fabric of the British Constitution; and
 to transmit the invaluable blessings of
 Public Freedom to Posterity, unimpaired
 and improved, it becomes the People to
 establish Societies throughout the King-
 dom upon Revolution Principles, to
 maintain a Correspondence with each
 other, and to form that grand concentra-
 ted Union of the true Friends of Public
 Liberty, which may be necessary to
 maintain its existence.

The Committee concluded their Re-
 port with congratulating the Members
 of the Society, as Men, Britons, and
 Citizens of the World, upon that noble
 spirit of Civil and Religious Liberty
 which had since the last Meeting so con-
 spicuously shone forth on the Continent,
 more especially on the glorious success
 of the French Revolution; and with
 expressing

expressing their ardent wishes that the influence of so glorious an example may be felt by all Mankind, until Tyranny and Despotism shall be swept from the face of the globe, and Universal Liberty and Happiness prevail.

DR. PRICE *then* moved, and it was *unanimously* Resolved, that the following Congratulatory Address to the NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF FRANCE, be transmitted to them, signed by the Chairman :

• The Society for commemorating
 • the REVOLUTION in GREAT BRITAIN,
 • disdaining national partialities,
 • and rejoicing in every triumph of Liberty and Justice over Arbitrary Power,
 • offer to the National Assembly of
 • France their Congratulations on the
 • Revolution in that Country, and on
 • the prospect it gives to the two first
 • Kingdoms in the World, of a common
 • participation in the blessings of Civil
 • and Religious Liberty.

• They

‘ They cannot help adding their ar-
dent wishes of an happy settlement of
‘ so important a Revolution, and at the
‘ same time expressing the particular
‘ satisfaction with which they reflect on
‘ the tendency of the glorious example
‘ given in France to encourage other
‘ Nations to assert the *unalienable* rights
‘ of Mankind, and thereby to introduce
‘ a general reformation in the govern-
‘ ments of Europe, and to make the
‘ World free and happy.

‘ STANHOPE.’

Resolved unanimously,

That the Thanks of this Meeting be
given to the Rev. Dr. Price, for his ex-
cellent Sermon preached this day, and
that he be requested to publish the same,
together with that part which, for want
of time and strength, he did not deliver.

Resolved unanimously,

That the Thanks of this Meeting be
given to the Rev. Dr. Kippis, the Rev.
Dr.

Dr. Rees, and the Rev. Mr. Morgan,
for their public services on this day.

The following Gentlemen were then
appointed Stewards for the ensuing
Year; viz.

Samuel Shore, Esq. *Clapham*.
Michael Dodson, Esq. *Boswell Court*.
Mr. Serjeant Watson, *Powis Place*.
William Middleton, Esq. *M.P. Suffolk*.
Joseph Benwell, Esq. *Battersea*.
John Hurford Stone, Esq. *Hackney*.
Thomas Cooper, Esq. *Manchester*.
Edmund Calamy, Esq. *Lincoln's-Inn-
Fields*.

Lord William Russell, *Berkley Square*.
John Philipps, Esq. *Wapping*.
William Couldery, Esq. *Cripplegate*.
Francis Kemble, Esq. *Swithin's Lane*.

The following Gentlemen were then
appointed as a *new* Committee for the
year ensuing*.

Dr. Price.

Dr. Kippis.

Rev.

Dr.

* See their Address, Fol. 10, &c.

Rev. Dr. Rees.

Dr. Towers.

Mr. Pickbourne.

Right Hon. Earl Stanhope.

Henry Beaufoy, Esq. M. P.

William Smith, Esq. M. P.

Sir Watkin Lewes, Kt. M. P. and Ald.

Thomas Brand Hollis, Esq.

James West, Esq.

Michael Pearson, Esq.

Robert Manning, Esq.

John Redman, Esq.

Edmund Calamy, Esq.

Henry Smith, Esq.

John Philipps, Esq.

Samuel Favell, Esq.

Mr. Thomas Davis.

Mr. Christopher Harris.

Mr. Abram Thorn.

Mr. Benjamin Cooper.

Mr. Henry Smithers.

Henry Keene, Esq.

Thomas Ashwell, Esq.

John Reynolds, Esq.

John Towgood, Esq.

The

The *new* Members of the Committee are,

The Right H^{on}. William Pickett, Lord
Mayor *elect*.

Edward Jeffries, Esq. *St. Thomas's Hos-
pital.*

George Jeffery, Esq. *Throgmorton-street.*

Richard Sharp, Esq. No. 6, *Fish-street
Hill.*

George Polhill, Esq. *Chipstead-Place,
Kent.*

Peter Martineau, Esq. *Lambeth.*

Ebenezer John Collet, Esq. No. 62, *Bo-
rough, Southwark.*

John Lodge Batley, Esq. No. 60, *Lamb's
Conduit-street.*

Bayes Cotton, Esq. No. 35, *Old Bethlem.*

Richard Carpenter Smith, Esq. *St. Mar-
garet's Hill.*

Resolved unanimously,

That the Thanks of this Meeting be
returned to Samuel Favell, Esq. ; and
that he be continued TREASURER for the
Year ensuing.

Resolved

Resolved unanimously,

That Mr. Benjamin Cooper be appointed SECRETARY for the Year ensuing.

Resolved unanimously,

That Messrs. John Hemming, William Walton, and Daniel Adams be appointed AUDITORS for the Year ensuing.

Resolved unanimously,

That the Thanks of this Meeting be given to Mr. Henry Smithers, the late Secretary, for his active zeal in the service of this Society.

Resolved unanimously,

That it be recommended to the People of this Country, to establish Societies throughout the Kingdom to support the principles of the Revolution; to establish a Correspondence with each other, and thereby to form a grand concentrated Union of the true Friends of Public Liberty, in order the more effectually at all times to maintain its existence.

Resolved